

July Wildflowers Spotter's Sheet



Pyramidal Orchid Anacamptis pyramidalis *
Bright pink and pointy, this orchid produces a musky scent to help attract butterflies and moths.

Where to find it:

Chalky meadows & verges

Meadow Crane's-bill Geranium pratense

Once common in hay meadows, it now largely grows on road verges instead due to changes in agricultural practices.

Where to find it: Hedgerows



Bramble Rubus fruticosus

The wildflower from which we get black-berries. Part of the rose family, its a great source of nectar.

Where to find it: Hedgebanks, roadsides



Meadowsweet Filipendula ulmaria

A multi-perfumed plant: the flowers smell of marzipan, but when crushed the scent is more antiseptic!

Where to find it: Damp meadows & verges



Field Scabious Knautia arvensis

A popular plant with butterflies & bees. Its rough stem resembles irritated skin, hence its scabies-related name.

Where to find it: Meadows & pastures



Rosebay Willowherb Chamerion angustifolium

Often one of the first flowers to return to burnt ground, it was a common sight during the Blitz.

Where to find it: Waste ground & verges



Knapweed Centaurea nigra

Also known as Hardheads or Black knapweed, this wild flower is one of our toughest meadow plants.

Where to find it: Meadows & roadsides



Self-heal Prunella vulgaris

As its name suggests, selfheal was once used in herbal remedies - particularly for sore throats.

Where to find it: Grasslands & lawns



Lady's Bedstraw
Galium verum

Once used to coagulate cheese. Its flowers were also used to add the colour to Double Gloucester.

Where to find it: Grassy places



Teasel
Dipsacus fullonum

So called because textile makers used it to 'tease' cloth. Now is when the oft-seen seed heads are in flower.

Where to find it: Woods & grassy places